

SEPARATION ANXIETY

WHAT IT IS, WHY IT MATTERS + PRACTICAL TIPS
TO ASSIST WITH DROP OFFS & TRANSITIONS

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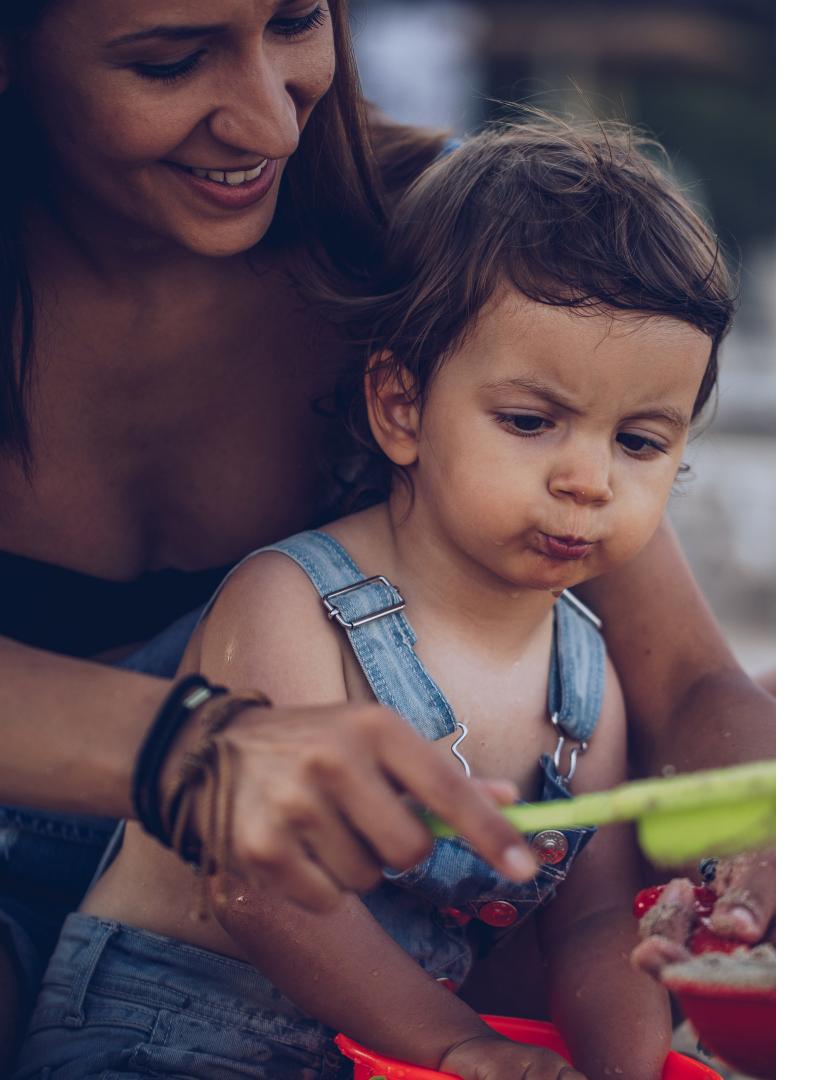
EVIDENCE & EMPATHY

WHO AM I?

a mother, a Scientist and an advocate for parents & families





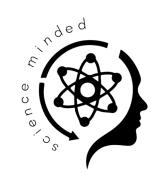


WHAT WE'RE TALKING ABOUT

What is Separation Anxiety

Understanding Attachment

Practical Tips





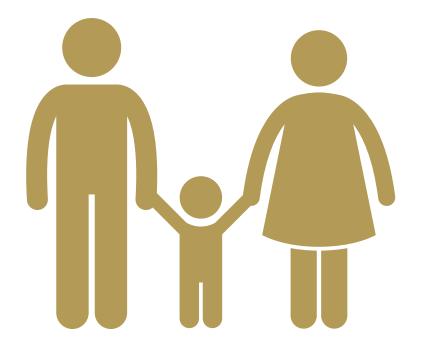
WHAT IS SEPARATION ANXIETY?

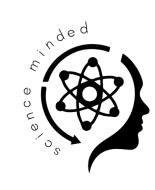
When children are anxious or distressed by the idea of act of separating from their caregiver.

It is common in babies & young children and especially common during periods of change/stress.

WHAT IS IT?

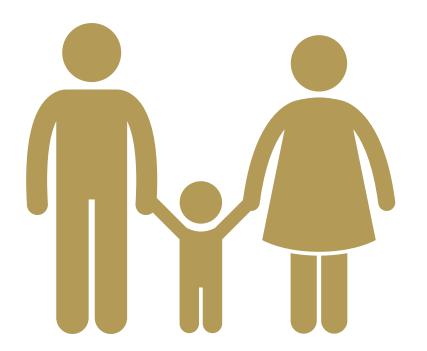
Infants who enjoy a positive relationship with their attachment figure, often **protest being separated** from them.

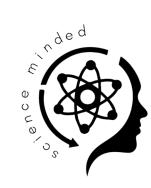




WHAT IS IT?

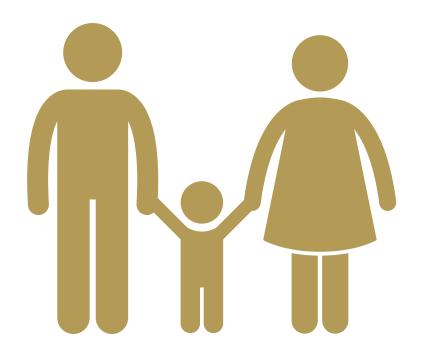
The intensity and duration of separation protest/anxiety is affected by your child's **temperament**, your **personality** and how you **respond**.





WHAT IS IT?

It usually begins around 8 months old and often reduces sometime between 2-3 years.



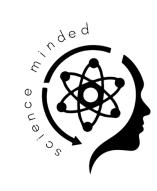


WHATIS ATTACHMENT?

Attachment describes the special and enduring bond between child and caregiver.

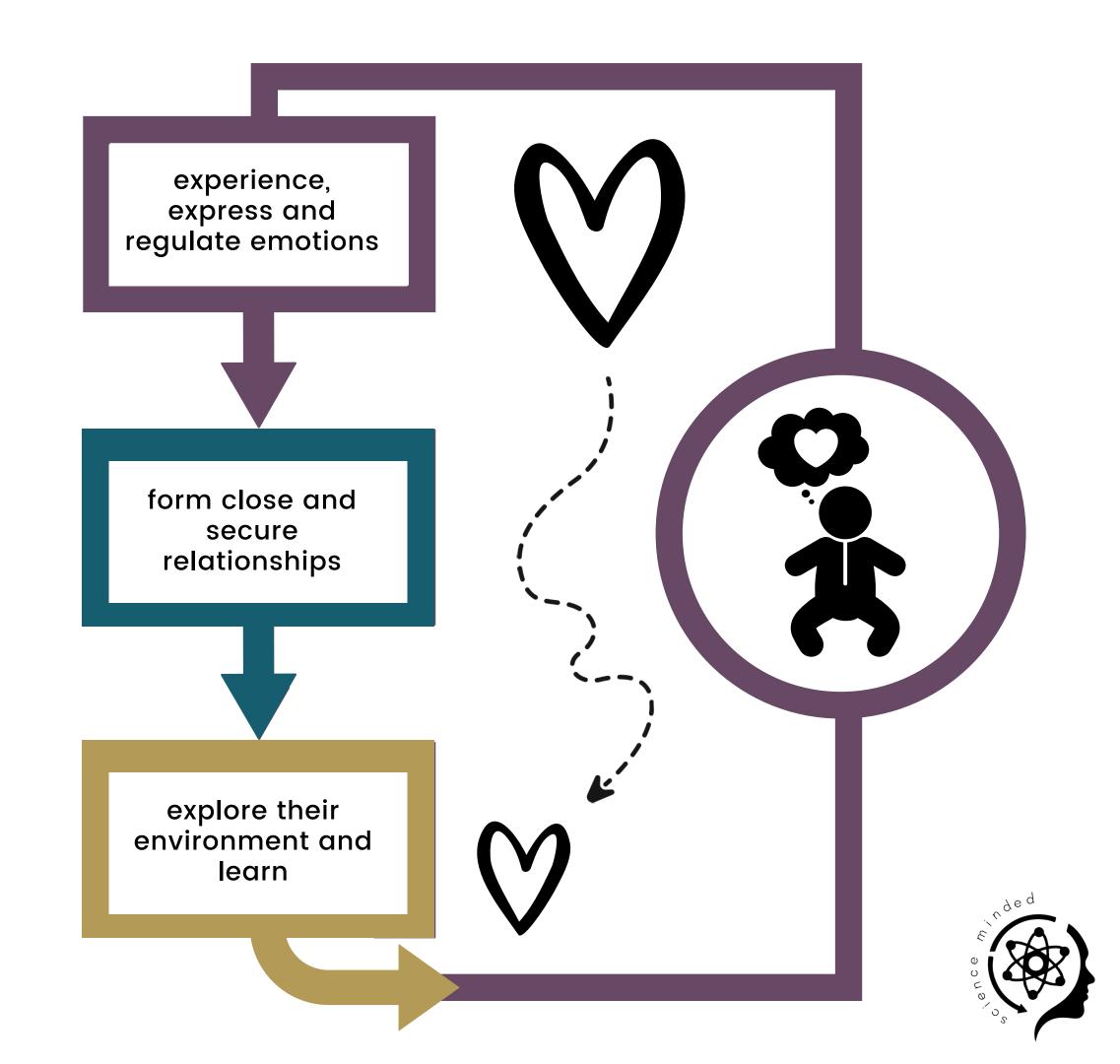
By being <u>available</u> & <u>responsive</u>, caregivers help establish a sense of security & safety.



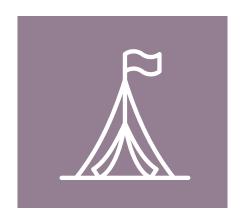


WHY IT MATTERS

It supports your infant's mental health.



COMPONENTS OF ATTACHMENT



Secure Base

The caregiver provices a secure and dependable base for the child to explore the world.



Safe Haven

When the child feels threatened or afraid, they return to the caregiver knowing they will receive comfort and soothing.



Proximity Maitenance

The child strives to stay near the caregiver, in an effort to feel safe.



<u>Separation Distress (or Separation Anxiety)</u>

When separated from the caregiver, the child will become upset & distressed.





OUR FEARS

"Having my child in care will negatively affect our relationship"

"They will feel abandoned, they won't know I'm coming back."



WHAT ABOUT ME?

It feels hard because IT IS

We are hard-wired to respond to and be near our children

Part of our job is to help our children form strong attachments to other people

ALLOPARENTING

We don't live in villages anymore, but...

Little Locals & the Little Locals educators are our village





CONNECTION



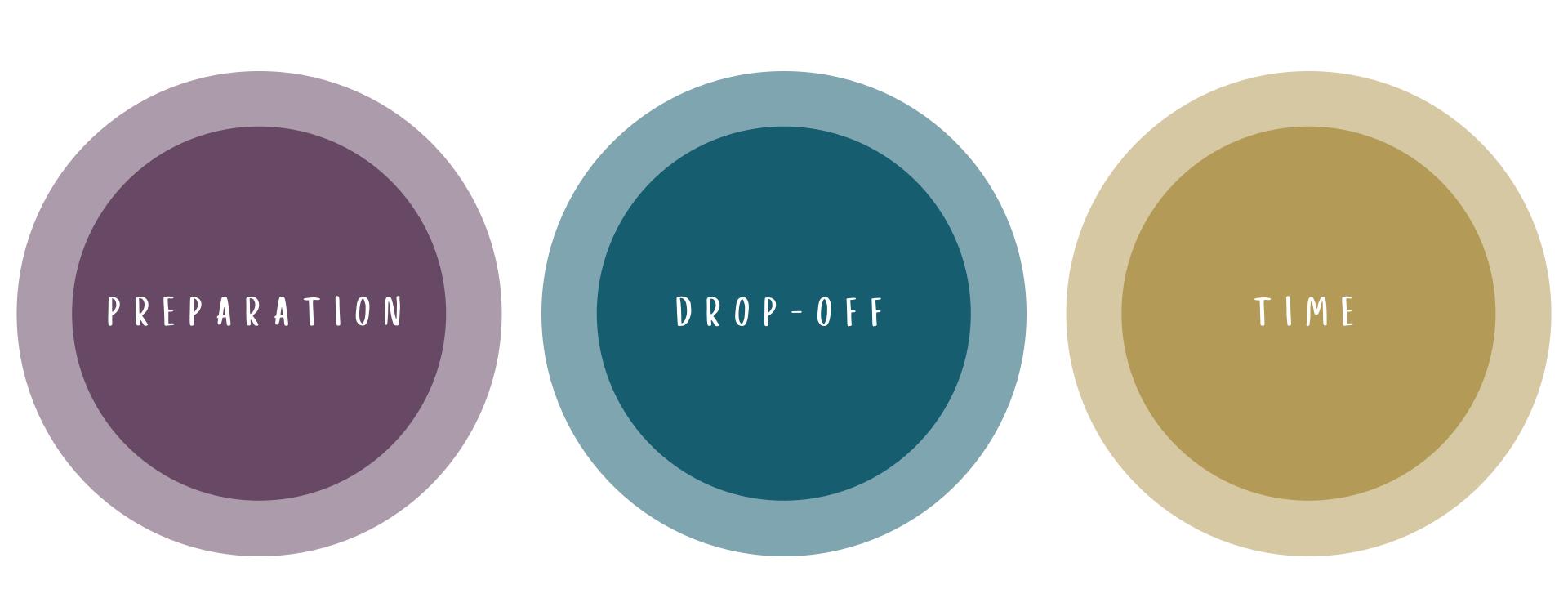




SECONDARY ATTACHMENTS

Secondary attachment figures are people with whom children develop a close attachment relationship and provide children a sense of safety and security in the absence of their primary attachment figure.





PREPARATION



Adequate Experience Conversation & Stories Advanced Warning preparation

drop-off



Adequate experience

- Stay & plays, shorter days etc.
- Create positive experiences/associations
- Experience of "being separate"

preparation

drop-off



EXAMPLE

Separation Games

Peekaboo

- "Be right back!"
 - "I came back"



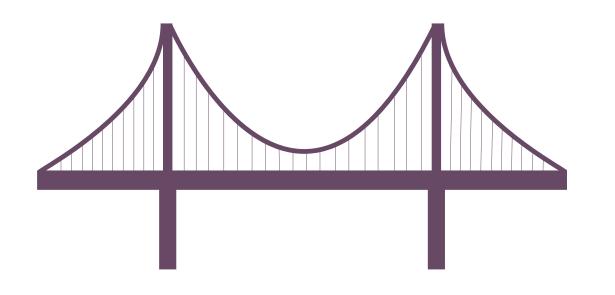
preparation

drop-off



Conversation & Stories

 Little Locals & educators are part of your village - talk about them!







preparation

drop-off



Advanced warning

- Give them fair warning
 - talk about their favourite educator

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o involve them in packing bag

preparation

drop-off



DROP-OFF



Consistency
Goodbye Rituals
Attention

preparation

drop-off



Consistency

- Timings of drop-offs & pick-ups
- Same educators
- Be specific
- Allows development of routine

preparation

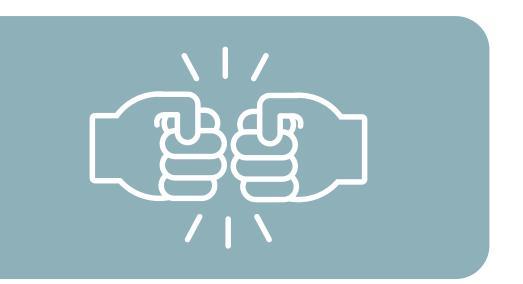
drop-off



Goodbye Rituals

• Short & sweet





preparation

drop-off



Attention

- An intentional goodbye where you connect (physical touch, eye contact)
- Do not sneak out!
- Make sure they have the attention of an educator in the room

preparation

drop-off



EXAMPLE GOODBYE

Tell them the Remind them of the story of what will happen reunion Calm & Connected confident while goodbye apart

"Mummy has to go to work now. Your friend Soomi is going to look after you today"

"Mummy will be be here to pick you up after your afternoon snack."

"Saying goodbye can be hard. Maybe you could play blocks with Soomi? I love you baby."

Leave younger babies with a sensory connection (e.g. something that smells like you). For older children, they could pull on your "love string" to connect while apart.

preparation

drop-off



TIME



Pick-up Time
Quality Time
Give it Time

preparation

drop-off



Pick-up Time

- Be enthusiastic!
- Don't rush it hang out in the room
- Crying upon pick-up
 - "After-school restraint collapse"

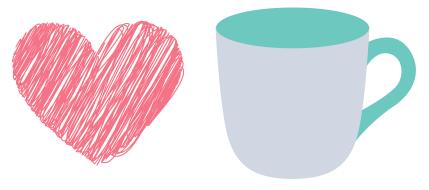
preparation

drop-off



Quality Time

- Where possible, after pick-up, set aside quality time together
- They have missed you they need to refill their "love cup"



preparation

drop-off



Give It Time

- Much of the 'solution' = experience + development
- Closer to 2-3 years, childrens' attachment development better allows for deep connection with multiple adults

preparation

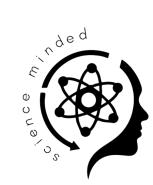
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EXTRATIPS

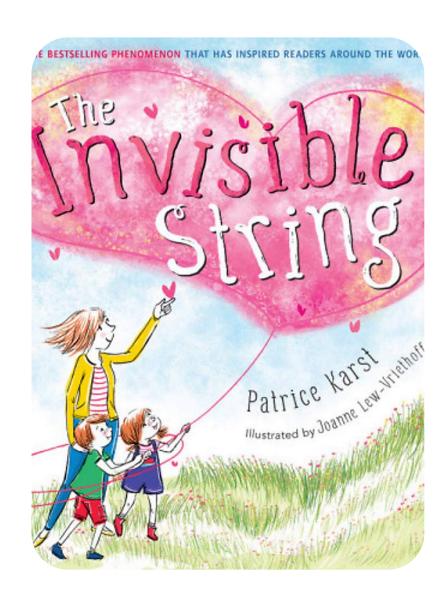
Acknowledge and validate their (and your own!) experience

"I feel sad sometimes too, and miss you when I'm away from you" "It's hard being away from your favourite people."

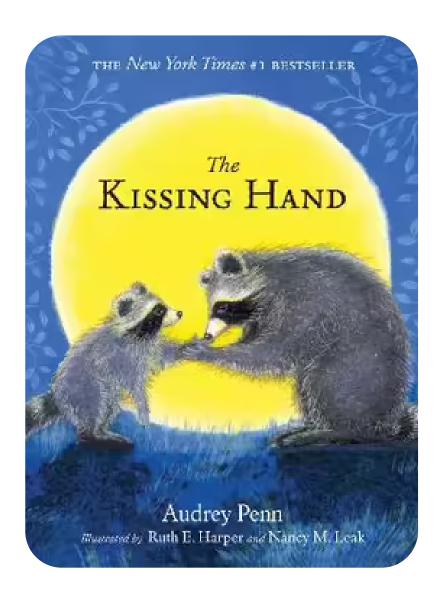


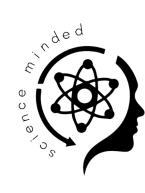
EXTRATIPS

• Remind your child of your continued connection to them, even when apart









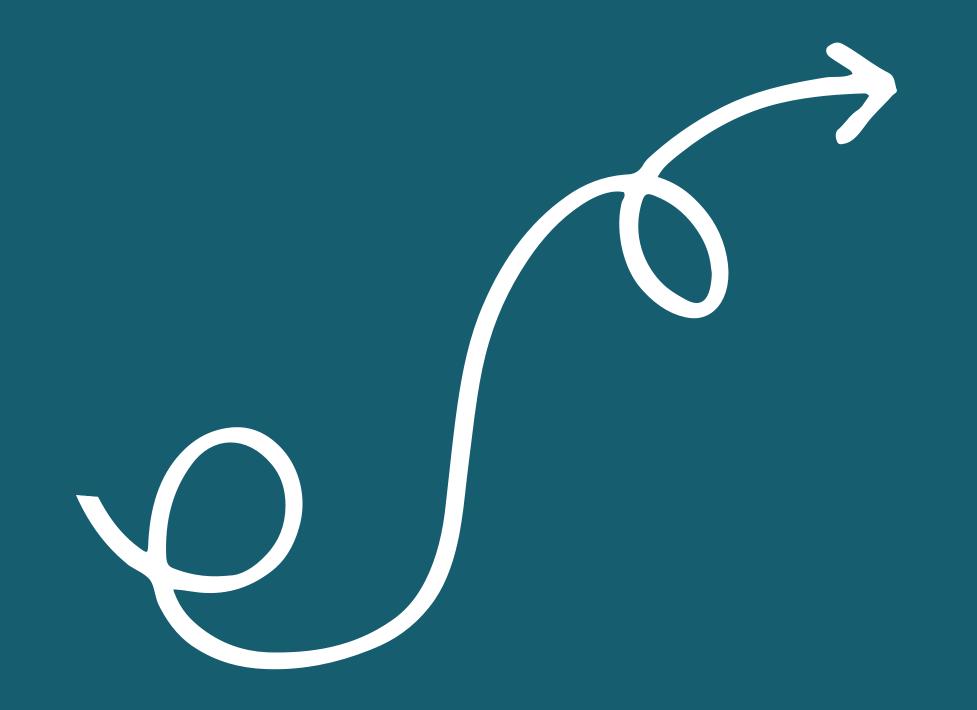
GOOD ENOUGH PARENTING



"Parenting is sometimes like looking both ways to cross the road, then getting hit by a plane."

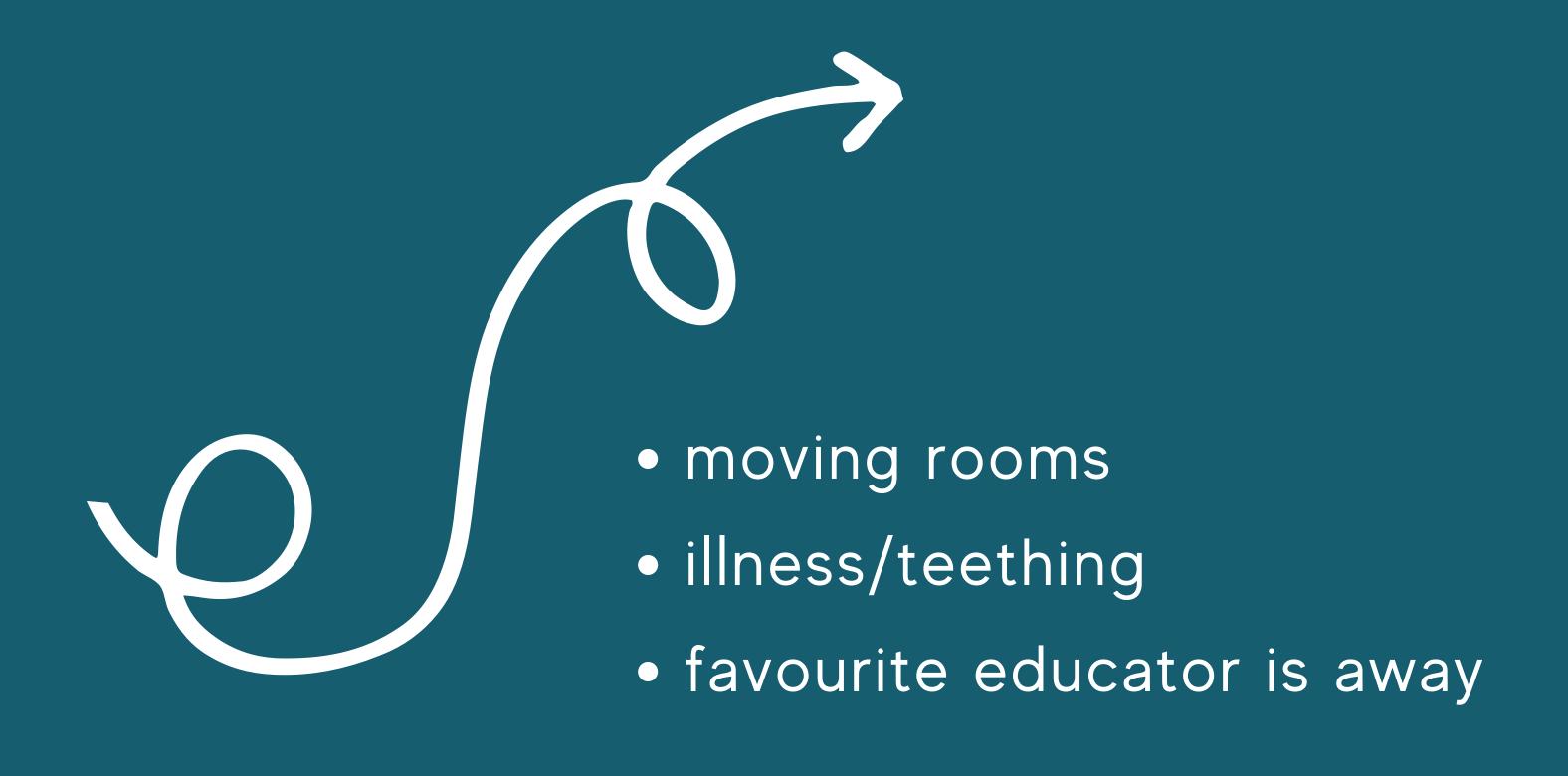


DEVELOPMENT IS NOT LINEAR





DEVELOPMENT IS NOT LINEAR







Some babies who experience separation anxiety can become quite upset at drop offs but once a strong bond is formed with an educator you should eventually notice this becoming easier. While your little one may get upset it's best that you say good-bye and leave soon after, as staying back generally can make them much more emotional than a brief, confident goodbye kiss and go.

Your little one is very perceptive of your emotions and will notice if you are anxious or nervous or unsure about leaving. We promise your little one is in the safest hands and will be shown so much love and affection throughout the day!

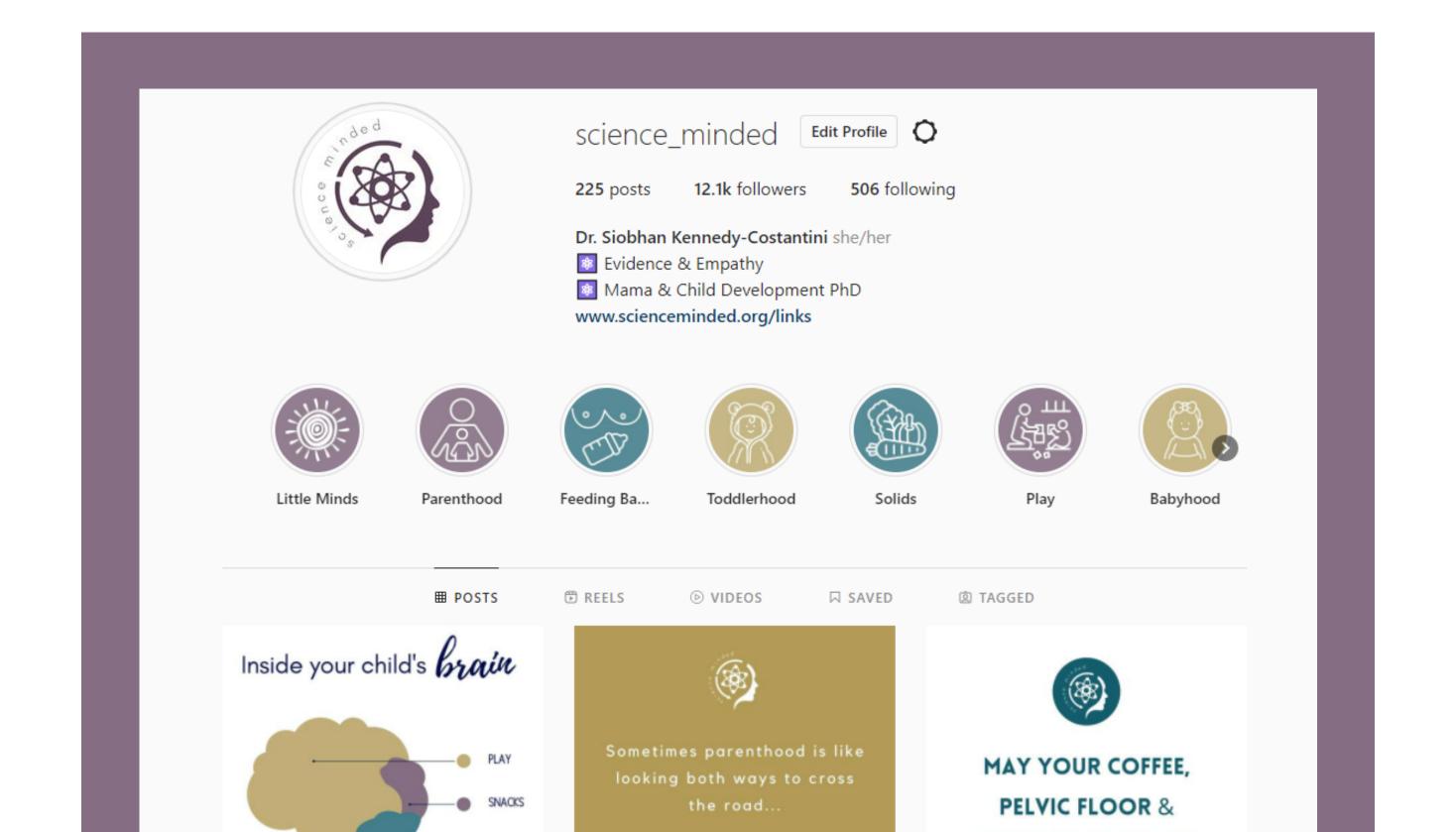
At pick up you will find if you can sneak up to the window without your little one spotting you can see them happily playing and engaged. Once they see you, they may cry, and this is because they are still learning how to use and control their emotions. Often, they are happy to see you and sad at the same time because they missed you.

QUESTIONS?





WANT TO LEARN MORE?



WANT TO LEARN MORE?

FACT PACKS



www.scienceminded.org





